

Financial and Operational Business Consulting

# Butler MBA Board Fellowship Program

March 12, 2011

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# **Types of Nonprofits**

 501(c)3: Organizations formed for educational, scientific, literary, charitable or religious pursuits

(only classification for which donations are deductible)



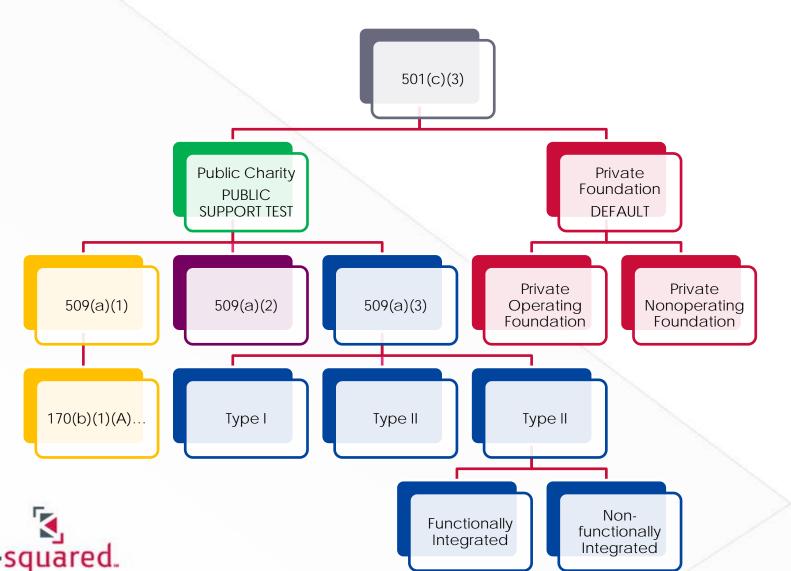
# Types of Nonprofits

- 501(c)4: Social welfare organization usually focus on advocacy
- 501(c)5: Labor unions and agriculture
- 501(c)6: Business and trade associations
- 501(c)7: Social and recreational clubs
- 501(c)10: Domestic fraternal societies and associations
- In total, there are 28 different 501(c) org's



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### "Not-for-Profit"



### "Not-for-Profit"

- Arts & Culture
- Human Services
- Health
- Education
- Environment
- Economic Development
- Advocacy and Lobbying



### "Not-for-Profit"

- Religious
- Fraternal
- Service
- Professional Societies
- Private Foundations



# Not-for-Profit



# Cannot Make a Profit



# Fiduciary Responsibility

- A Fiduciary: An individual, corporation or association holding assets for another party, often with the legal authority and duty to make decisions regarding financial matters on behalf of the other party.
- Legal Responsibility: A board and its individual members are considered agents of a corporation and are liable for the actions of a nonprofit organization.



### **Financial Statements**

- Statement of Financial Position
- Statement of Activities
- Statement of Cash Flows
- Statement of Functional Expenses (Voluntary Health and Welfare Organizations)



### Stmt. of Financial Position

- For-profit comparison: Balance Sheet
- This is what the organization owns, \$ they owe others and \$ others have committed to paying/giving them
- Information provided:
  - Liquidity
  - Donor restrictions
  - Net assets



#### National Youth Training and Resources Organization **Comparative Statements of Financial Position** For the Years Ended December 31, 1999 and 2000

		2000	<u>1999</u>		
	Assets				
	Cash	\$ 200,000		142,000	
	Pledges Receivable (net)	120,000		65,000	
	Investments	755,000		700,000	
	Prepaid Expenses	15,000		13,000	
	Fixed Assets (net)	 220,000		40,000	
	Total Assets	\$ 1,310,000	\$	960,000	
	Liabilities and Net Assets				
	Liabilities				
	Accounts Payable	50,000		60,000	
	Grants Payable	25,000			
	Refundable Advances	20,000			
	Long Term Debt	200,000		-	
	Total Liabilities	\$ 295,000	\$	60,000	
Donor Restric	tions				
	Net Assets				
	Unrestricted	\$ 325.000	\$	300,000	
Net Assets	Temporarily Restricted	45,000		-	
14017133013	Permanently Restricted	 645,000		600,000	
	Total Net Assets	\$ 1,015,000	\$	900,000	
	Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 1,310,000	\$	960,000	



Unrestricted Net Assets minus Fixed Assets = \$105,000 Unrestricted

### Statement of Activities

- For-profit comparison: Income Statement
- This is how much \$ the organization has earned and how and where they have spent their \$
- Information provided:
  - Diversification of revenue
  - Program expense versus supporting services
  - How an organization utilizes it resources
  - Investment performance
  - Operating within constraints of resources?



#### National Youth Training and Resources Organization Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

								estmen	t Pe	erf	ormance	е
	Diversification of Reve	enue			Ten	nporarily	Per	manently	y			
Changes in Unrestricted Net Assets:		Un	Unrestricted Restricted Re			Restricted			Total			
Re	venues and Gains:	l										7
	Public Contributions (net)		\$	800,000	\$	165,000	\$	45,00	0 5	₿ 1	,010,000	
	Program Service Revenue			46,000							46,000	
	Investment Income			42,000		5,000				<b>&gt;</b> [	47,000	D
Ne	t Assets Released from Restric	ctions		125,000		(125,000)					0	_
To	tal Revenues, Gains, Other Sup	port	\$ 1	1,013,000	\$	45,000	\$	45,0	0 5	\$ 1	,103,000	_
Ex	penses and Losses:											-
	Program Services		\$	676,000					(	\$	676,000	
	General Administration			197,000	U.	tilization	of F	Resourc	ces		197,000	
	Fund-Raising			115,000					_		115,000	_
To	tal Expenses and Losses		\$	988,000					3	5	988,000	
												_
Incre	ase in Net Assets		\$	25,000	\$	45,000	\$	45,0	Û	>(	\$115,000	)
Net A	ssets at Beginning of Year			300,000		0		600,00	0		900,000	- [
Net A	ssets at End of Year			\$325,000		\$45,000		\$645,00	0	\$1	,015,000	



Operating Within Constraints of Resources

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# Stmt of Functional Expenses

- No for-profit comparison
- Provides more detail on how \$ was spent
- Tells you "natural" expenditures, expenses by program/activity, overhead



# Stmt. of Functional Expenses

Natural expense versus functional expense

Salaries, wages, and benefits
Salaries, wages, and benefits
Equipment maint and rental
Supplies and travel
Services and professional fees
Office and occupancy
Depreciation
Interest
Total expenses

	Program		<b>Total</b>	Management	<b>Fund</b>	
<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<b>Program</b>	and General	<b>Raising</b>	<u>Total</u>
\$7,400	\$3,900	\$1,725	\$13,025	\$1,130	\$960	\$15,115
2,075	750	1,925	4,750	0	0	4,750
865	1,000	490	2,355	240	560	3,155
160	1,490	600	2,250	200	390	2,840
1,160	600	450	2,210	218	100	2,528
1,440	800	570	2,810	250	140	3,200
0	0	0	0	382	0	382
\$13,100	\$8,540	\$5,760	\$27,400	\$2,420	\$2,150	\$31,970



#### National Youth Training and Resources Organization Statement of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	Program Services			Supporting Services						
	Edi	ucational/	Re	creational		General	Fund-			Total
	Sch	nolarships	Р	rograms	Administration		n Raising		E	xpenses
Salaries	\$	65,000	\$	88,000	\$	82,000	\$	15,000	\$	250,000
Employee Benefits		15,000		22,000		20,000		3,000		60,000
Payroll Taxes		7,000		11,000		10,000		1,500		29,500
Total Personnel Costs	\$	87,000	\$	121,000	\$	112,000	\$	19,500	\$	339,500
Professional Fees		-		-		-		45,500		45,500
Supplies		45,000		10,000		8,000		8,000		71,000
Telephone		10,000		15,000		7,000		7,000		39,000
Postage		10,000		5,000		5,000		3,000		23,000
Occupancy Costs		20,000		20,000		15,000		3,000		58,000
Equipment Rental and										
Maintenance		5,000		5,000		20,000		-		30,000
Printing and Publications		20,000		45,000	\$	2,000		26,000		93,000
Travel		40,000		40,000	\$	1,000		3,000		84,000
Conferences and Meetings		20,000		15,000		7,500		-		42,500
Scholarships		143,000		-		-		-		143,000
Interest		-		-		14,500		-		14,500
Total before										
Depreciation	\$	400,000	\$	276,000	\$	192,000	\$	115,000	\$	983,000
Depreciation		-		-		5,000		-		5,000
Total Expenses		400,000		276,000		197,000		115,000	\$	988,000



How are allocations determined?

# Unique Financial Aspects

- Endowments \*
  - Donor restricted
  - Board restricted
- Restricted funds \*
- Key financial ratios \*
- Internal financial management cash basis
- Sustainability
- Cost of services
- Staff as a percentage of total cost



### Restricted Funds

- Restricted only by donor
- Temporary restriction
  - Purpose or time
- Permanent restriction
  - Use of earnings on permanently restricted funds
- Use of funds
- How do you change or eliminate a restriction??



### Reserve vs. Endowment

### Operating reserve

- An unrestricted fund balance set aside to stabilize a nonprofit's finances by providing a cushion against future unexpected cash-flow shortages, expenses or losses.
- What is a reasonable amount?

### Endowment

 A fund that is made up of gifts and bequests that are generally subject to a requirement that the principal be maintained intact and invested to create a source of income for an organization.

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### **Endowment**

- Donor restricted
  - Permanent restriction
  - Temporary restriction
  - Use of Earnings
- Board restricted
  - Unrestricted



### **Financial Considerations**

- Operating reserve/working plan to establish
- Positive/growing/sustained net assets
  - Unrestricted versus restricted
  - Multiple years of deficits?
- Comparison between years
  - Trends
- Comparison to budget
- Reasonable overhead percentage
- Diversification of revenue\*



# **Key Financial Questions**

- Does the organization have a diversity of funding sources?
  - What is diverse?
  - Diversity of fundraising sources
  - What is the fundraising strategy?
  - Dependency on few funding sources?
  - Allocation/diversity of funding sources



# **Key Financial Questions**

- Does the organization have sufficient reserves? Are they wisely invested?
- How is the budget (expense and revenue) determined? Is this reasonable and realistic?
- Fundraising strategy?
- Thinking beyond one year?
- Management Recommendation Letter



# **Key Financial Questions**

- Is the financial plan consistent with the strategic plan?
- Is the organization filing all of the required documents?
  - Form 990 (Federal) \* Request a copy
  - Form 990T (if necessary) \*
  - Form NP20 (Indiana)
  - Property tax exemption and return
  - Sales tax exemption
  - Other?



# Sales Tax Exemption

- File Form NP-20A to obtain exemption from paying sales tax
- Use NP-1 (ex. Below) when making purchases



(4-03)

Indiana Department of Revenue
Indiana Government Center North Indianapolis, Indiana 46204
Indiana Nonprofit Sales Tax Exemption Certificate
(This certificate may not be used to collect sales tax)

**TID:** 0128566345

LOC: 000

**Corresp ID:** 0700045904607

Issued: 07/17/2007

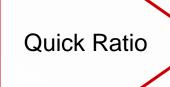
Organization is **only exempt** from payment of sales tax on purchases for which the organization is granted exemption.



# Ratios – What They Indicate



<u>Current Assets</u> Current Liabilities  Ability to pay current liabilities as they mature (higher number is better)



Cash and Cash Equiv
Current Liabilities

Ability to pay current liabilities with only cash and cash equivalents (higher number is better)



#### **Current Ratio**

#### National Youth Training and Resources Organization Comparative Statements of Financial Position For the Years Ended December 31, 1999 and 2000

		<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
	Assets		
	Cash	\$ 200,000	142,000
	Pledges Receivable (net)	120.000	65,000
	Investments	755,000	700,000
Α.	Prepaid Expenses	15,000	13,000
_	Fixed Assets (net)	220,000	40,000
Portion?	Total Assets	\$ 1,310,000	\$ 960,000
Ĭ			
0	Liabilities and Net Assets		
	Liabilities		
I	Accounts Payable	50,000	60,000
Surrent	Grants Payable	25,000	
5	Refundable Advances	20,000	
$\vec{c}$	Long Term Debt	200,000	-
	Total Liabilities	\$ 295,000	\$ 60,000
	Net Assets		
	Unrestricted	\$ 325,000	\$ 300,000
	Temporarily Restricted	45,000	-
	Permanently Restricted	645,000	600,000
	Total Net Assets	\$ 1,015,000	\$ 900,000
	Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 1,310,000	\$ 960,000



4.47

#### **Quick Ratio**

#### National Youth Training and Resources Organization Comparative Statements of Financial Position For the Years Ended December 31, 1999 and 2000

	Assets	2000	<u>1999</u>
	Cash	\$ 200,000	142,000
	Pledges Receivable (net) Investments Prepaid Expenses Fixed Assets (net)	755,000 15,000 220,000	65,000 700,000 13,000 40,000
	Total Assets	\$ 1,310,000	\$ 960,000
<u>~</u>	Liabilities and Net Assets Liabilities		
O	Accounts Payable	50,000	60,000
Portion?	Grants Payable Refundable Advances Long Term Debt	 25,000 20,000 200,000	 <u>-</u>
nt	Total Liabilities	\$ 295,000	\$ 60,000
Surrent	Net Assets		
$\frac{1}{2}$	Unrestricted	\$ 325,000	\$ 300,000
	Temporarily Restricted	45,000	-
	Permanently Restricted Total Net Assets	\$ 645,000 1,015,000	\$ 900,000
	Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 1,310,000	\$ 960,000



2.67

# Ratios – What They Indicate

Debt to Equity Ratio

Total Liabilities
Net Assets

- Indicates the balance between "equity" and debt
- The greater the number, the "more leveraged" the organization

"Highly Leveraged" is not a good thing.....



### Debt to Equity Ratio

#### National Youth Training and Resources Organization Comparative Statements of Financial Position For the Years Ended December 31, 1999 and 2000

		2000		<u>1999</u>
Assets				
Cash	\$	200,000		142,000
Pledges Receivable (net)		120,000		65,000
Investments		755,000		700,000
Prepaid Expenses		15,000		13,000
Fixed Assets (net)		220,000		40,000
Total Assets	\$	1,310,000	\$	960,000
Liebilities and Net Access				
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Liabilities		50,000		60,000
Accounts Payable		50,000		60,000
Grants Payable		25,000		
Refundable Advances		20,000		
Long Term Debt	Φ.	200,000	Ф.	-
Total Liabilities	_\$_	295,000	\$	60,000
Net Assets				
Unrestricted	\$	325,000	\$	300,000
Temporarily Restricted		45,000		-
Permanently Restricted		645,000		600,000
Total Net Assets	\$	1,015,000	\$	900,000
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	1,310,000	\$	960,000



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# Ratios – What They Indicate

 Balance spent on mission (program) in relation to total expenses (higher number is better)

Total Program Expenses
Total Expenses

Program services to total expense

At least 65% - 70%

 Relationship between overhead expenses to total expenses (lower is better)

- No more than 30% - 35%

Total Fundraising,

Mgmt & General Expenses

Total Expenses

Supporting services to total expense



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# National Youth Training and Resources Organization Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

% spent on Program

			Ten	nporarily	Per	rmanently	
Changes in Unrestricted Net Assets:	Un	restricted	R	estricted	R	Restricted	Total
Revenues and Gains:							
Public Contributions (net)	\$	800,000	\$	165,000	\$	45,000	\$ 1,010,000
Program Service Revenue		46,000					46,000
Investment Income		42,000		5,000			47,000
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		125,000		(125,000)			0
Total Revenues, Gains, Other Support	\$ ^	1,013,000	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$ 1,103,000
Expenses and Losses:			_				
Program Services	\$	676,000	1				\$ 676,000
General Administration		197,000	_				197,000
Fund-Raising		115,000					115,000
Total Expenses and Losses	\$	988,000					\$ 988,000
Increase in Net Assets	\$	25,000	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$115,000
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		300,000		0		600,000	900,000
Net Assets at End of Year		\$325,000		\$45,000		\$645,000	\$ 1,015,000



68%

#### % spent on M&G

#### National Youth Training and Resources Organization Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

Changes in Unrestricted Net Assets: Revenues and Gains:	Un	restricted		nporarily estricted		rmanently Restricted		Total
Public Contributions (net) Program Service Revenue Investment Income	\$	800,000 46,000 42,000	\$	165,000 5,000	\$	45,000	\$	1,010,000 46,000 47,000
Net Assets Released from Restrictions Total Revenues, Gains, Other Support	\$ .	125,000 1,013,000	\$	(125,000) 45,000	\$	45,000	\$	1,103,000
Expenses and Losses:	Ψ_	1,013,000	Ψ	43,000	Ψ	43,000	Ψ	
Program Services	\$	676,000	_				\$	676,000
General Administration Fund-Raising		197,000 115,000						197,000 115,000
Total Expenses and Losses	\$	988,000					\$	988,000
Increase in Net Assets	\$	25,000	\$	45,000 0	\$	45,000		\$115,000
Net Assets at Beginning of Year Net Assets at End of Year		300,000 \$325,000		\$45,000		600,000 \$645,000	\$	900,000 1,015,000



32%

# Ratios – What They Indicate

- Efficiency of fundraising (lower number is better)
  - Cost per \$100 raised
  - Factors affecting fundraising costs

Total Fund-Raising Expenses
Total Related Contributions

FR Expense to Funds Raised



#### National Youth Training and Resources Organization Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

			Ten	nporarily	Per	rmanently	
Changes in Unrestricted Net Assets:	Un	restricted	R	estricted	R	Restricted	Total
Revenues and Gains:							
Public Contributions (net)	\$	800,000	\$	165,000	\$	45,000	\$ 1,010,000
Program Service Revenue		46,000					46,000
Investment Income		42,000		5,000			47,000
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		125,000		(125,000)			0
Total Revenues, Gains, Other Support	\$ '	1,013,000	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$ 1,103,000
Expenses and Losses:							
Program Services	\$	676,000					\$ 676,000
General Administration		197.000					197,000
Fund-Raising		115,000					115,000
Total Expenses and Losses	\$	988,000		_			\$ 988,000
Increase in Net Assets	\$	25,000	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$115,000
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		300,000		0		600,000	900,000
Net Assets at End of Year		\$325,000		\$45,000		\$645,000	\$ 1,015,000



\$11.39 per \$100 raised

"Data is valid only when viewed in the context of the single, specific organization for which it has been computed."



## Financial Statement Audit: Role of the Board

- Selection of Auditor
- Approval of Financial Statements
- Finance, Audit, Investment Committees
  - Independence of audit committee
  - Involvement of management
  - Separation of committee responsibilities



#### Does the Organization Need an Audit?

- Who is requesting an audit?
  - Grantor or other funder
  - Board
  - Executive Director
  - Other?
- When should an audit be conducted?
  - Federal requirements (\$500,000 of federal funds)
  - Size of organization (\$0 < \$250,000 < \$1,000,000)</li>
  - Audit vs. Review vs. Compilation



## Audit vs. Review vs. Compilation

	Audit	Review	Compilation			
Level of Assurance	Reasonable (Highest Level)	Limited	None			
Procedures Performed	Verification and Substantiation	Inquiry and Analytical Procedures	Basic			
Obtain Understanding of Internal Ctrl?	Yes	No	No			
Test Effectiveness of Internal Ctrl?	Frequently, not always	No	No			
Test Transactions	Yes	No	No			
Express Opinion on Financial Statements?	Yes	No	No			



## Financial Statement Examples

Group Activity



#### Form 990

- Information return (vs. tax return)
- Public document (except Schedule B)
- A marketing tool!!
- Revisions to 2008 Form 990
  - Last revision 1979
  - Transparency, accountability
  - Reflect changes in NFP sector
  - Promote compliance
- Who is preparing your Form 990?

#### Form 990-EZ

- May file Form 990-EZ if:
  - For 2008 tax year, gross receipts are less than \$1 million and total assets are less than \$2.5 million.
  - For 2009 tax year, gross receipts are less than \$500,000 and total assets are less than \$1.25 million.
  - For 2010 and later tax years, gross receipts are less than \$200,000 and total assets are less than \$500,000.

#### Form 990-N

- Must file electronically (<a href="http://epostcard.form990.org">http://epostcard.form990.org</a>)
- EIN
- Tax Year
- Legal name and mailing address
- Any other names the organization uses
- Name and address of principal officer
- Web site address
- Confirmation org's annual gross receipts are normally \$25,000 or less
- If applicable, a statement that the organization has terminated or is terminating (going out of business)



#### Form 990-PF

- Annual return for Private Foundations
- Private Foundations subject to excise tax on investment earnings
- 5% distribution requirement
- More restrictive than public charity



### Org's Not Req'd to File Form 990

- Certain religious organizations (e.g., churches, temples)
- Certain governmental organizations
- Certain political organizations



#### Form 990 – Role of the Board

- Disclosure on Form 990: Was a copy provided to governing body before filed?
- Familiarity with contents!



#### Overview of New Form 990

- Summary page with signature block
- Statement of program service accomplishments
- Checklist of required schedules
- Statements regarding other IRS filings and tax compliance
- Governance, management and disclosure
- Compensation Reporting
- Financial Reporting



## The Summary – Page One

- New to the Form 990
- Provides an overview of the organization
- Highlights the organization's
  - Activities
  - Governance
  - Revenue
  - Expenses



## Accomplishments – Page Two

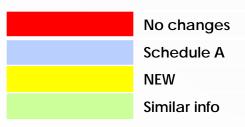
- Opportunity to highlight accomplishments
- Complete info for three largest programs
  - Total revenue
  - Total expenses
  - Describe achievements
- Significant changes (additions, deletions, modifications) to programs identified



### **Schedules**

A. Public Charity Status	<ul><li>I. Grants and Other Assistance</li><li>Provided to Others</li></ul>		
B. Schedule of Contributors	J. Compensation Information		
C. Political and Lobbying	K. Tax Exempt Bonds		
D. Supplemental Financial	L. Transactions with "Interested Persons"		
E. Schools	M. Non-Cash Contributions		
F. Foreign Activities	N. Liquidation/Termination/ Dissolution/Significant Disposition of Assets		
G. Fundraising and Gaming	O. Supplemental Information		
H. Hospitals	R. Related Organizations and Unrelated Partnerships		





## Form 990 – Key Items

- Summary financial information (Part I)
- Program service accomplishments (Part III)
- Excess benefit transactions (Part IV, questions 25a & b)
- Governance and Management (Policies) (Part VI)
- Compensation (Part VII) (Schedule J)
- Board of Directors (Part VII)



## Form 990 – Key Items

- Transactions with "interested persons" (Schedule L)
- Further explanations of items within forms and schedules (Schedule O)
- Related organizations (Schedule R)
- ALSO:
  - Stmt of Revenue (Part VIII)
  - Stmt of Functional Expenses (Part IX)
  - Balance Sheet (Part X)

## **Executive Compensation**

- Process
  - Question on Form 990 Part VII:
    - Independent review and approval
    - Comparable data
    - Written documentation of deliberation and decision
  - UWCI survey
- Expense reimbursement
- Risk of excess benefit transactions
- Deferred compensation differences

### Part VII: Who and What to Report

Who	What
Current Officers, Directors and Trustees	No minimum threshold, report all compensation
Current Key Employees	Report those paid over \$150,000 of reportable compensation
Current Five Highest Compensated Employees	Report those paid over \$100,000 of reportable compensation
Former Officers, Key Employees and Highest Compensated	Report those paid over \$100,000 of reportable compensation
Former Directors and Trustees	Report those paid over \$10,000 in capacity as former director or trustee



#### Presentation

#### Form 990 Schedule

Name and Title	Average Hours Per Week	Position (check all that apply)						Reportable Compensation from the	Reportable Compensation from Related	Estimated Amount of Other Compensation	
		Individual Trustee or Director	Institutional Trustee	Officer	Key Employee	Highest Compensated Employee	Former	Organization	Organizations	from the Organization and Related Organizations	



#### Schedule J – more extensive

Pai	rt I Questions Regarding Compensation				
			Yes	No	
1a	Check the appropriate box(es) if the organization provided any of the following to or for a person listed in Form 990, Part VII, Section A, line 1a. Complete Part III to provide any relevant information regarding these items.  ☐ First-class or charter travel ☐ Travel for companions ☐ Payments for business use of personal residence ☐ Tax indemnification and gross-up payments ☐ Health or social club dues or initiation fees ☐ Discretionary spending account ☐ Personal services (e.g., maid, chauffeur, chef)				
b	If line 1a is checked, did the organization follow a written policy regarding payment or reimbursement or provision of all of the expenses described above? If "No," complete Part III to explain	1b			
2	Did the organization require substantiation prior to reimbursing or allowing expenses incurred by all officers, directors, trustees, and the CEO/Executive Director, regarding the items checked in line 1a?				
3	Indicate which, if any, of the following the organization uses to establish the compensation of the organization's CEO/Executive Director. Check all that apply.  Compensation committee  Written employment contract  Independent compensation consultant  Compensation survey or study  Approval by the board or compensation committee				
4	During the year, did any person listed in Form 990, Part VII, Section A, line 1a:	4a			
	Receive a severance payment or change of control payment?				
	Participate in, or receive payment from, an equity-based compensation arrangement?	4c			
	If "Yes" to any of lines 4a-c, list the persons and provide the applicable amounts for each item in Part III.				



## Other Comp. Disclosures (cont.)

- Also must disclose/describe:
  - Written policy regarding reimbursed expenses?
  - Requirement for substantiation of reimbursed expenses?
  - Describe who establishes compensation of CEO/Executive Director
  - Contingent compensation
  - Equity based compensation
  - Accrued/deferred Compensation



#### Schedule J: When to File

- For any compensation to a former officer, director or trustee, key employee or highest compensated employee
- For any Part VII individual whose reportable compensation and other compensation total more than \$150,000
- For any person on part VII who received compensation from another organization for services to the organization



## Role of the Board – Executive Compensation

 Approve CEO/President/Executive Director Compensation



## Form 990 Examples

- The Children's Museum of Indianapolis
- Dress for Success Indianapolis
- Impact 100 of Greater Indianapolis



# QUESTIONS??



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